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Lab 5: The vertebrate skeleton. Geo 302D: Age of Dinosaurs. LAB 3: The Vertebrate Skeleton. Bone is a connective tissue unique to vertebrates. It serves several purposes: - It is a reservoir for chemicals used in metabolic processes. - It provides structural support for soft tissues. - It acts as armor to shield vulnerable body parts. - It is a framework upon which muscles can exert forces to facilitate movement.

Lab 5: The vertebrate skeleton  
Axial and appendicular skeleton. Vertebrate skeletons are divided into the axial skeleton (the body's main axis, including the vertebral column and the skull) and the appendicular skeleton (the limbs and their supporting bones; 'appendicular' refers to the fact that this part of the skeleton supports the appendages). Tetrapods

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The vertebrate skeleton General characteristics. In vertebrates the adult skeleton is usually formed of bone or cartilage—living substances that grow with the animal, in contrast to the many types of invertebrate skeleton that do not grow or are dead secretions, deposits, or crystals. The internal position of bones and their central position in limbs provide firm support for small and large animals.

Skeleton - The vertebrate skeleton | Britannica  
axial skeleton includes the skull, vertebral column, ribs, and sternum while the appendicular skeleton is composed of the appendages and their supporting girdles. The third portion of the endoskeleton, the visceral skeleton, develops in association with the pharyngeal gill slits. COMPARATIVE SKELETAL ANATOMY The bones of the vertebrate skull are one of two types: endochondral or dermal. Endochondral